### context-free session type inference Luca Padovani ESOP 2017

- 1 Context-free session types
- 2 Resumable sessions
- 3 The model and its properties
- 4 OCaml implementation
- **5** Concluding remarks

# one-slide introduction to session types

## Definition (session type)

- type-level specification of a communication protocol
- how a session endpoint is meant to be used
  - T = ?int;?int;!bool;end
  - $\overline{T} = !int; !int; ?bool; end$
  - **S** = &[**Eq** : *T*, Neg : ?**int**; !**int**; **end**]

Property (safety & fidelity)

Well-typed programs communicate safely and respect protocols

```
let stack c =
  let rec none u = (* empty stack *)
    match branch u with
     | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  none (some x u)
     | Stop u \rightarrow u
  and some y u = (* stack with y on top *)
    match branch u with
    | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  some y (some x u)
     | Pop u \rightarrow send y u
  in none c
```

```
let stack c =
  let rec none u = (* empty stack *)
    match branch u with
    | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                 none (some x u)
                                         🙎 dead code
    Stop u \rightarrow u
  and some y u = (* stack with y on top *)
    match branch u with
    | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                 some y (some x u)
    | Pop u \rightarrow send y u
                                         🚊 dead code
  in none c
```

```
c : μX.&[Push : ?α;X]
```

### tv.pdf

# from ordinary to **context-free** session types

### Ordinary session types

- sequential composition limited to prefixes
- language of (finite) traces is regular

Context-free session types

- general form of sequential composition
- language of (finite) traces is context-free
- typability++, precision++

$$X = \&[Push: ?\alpha; Y; X, Stop: end]$$
$$Y = \&[Push: ?\alpha; Y; Y, Pop: !\alpha]$$

[Thiemann & Vasconcelos '16]

*T*;*S* 

 $?\alpha$ ;S

## a context-free session type system

### Key ingredients

#### [Thiemann & Vasconcelos '16]

monoidal laws for sequential composition

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e:T}{\Gamma \vdash e:S} T \sim S$$

- polymorphic recursion
- Conclusion
  - type checking is substantially more difficult (open problem)
  - library implementation is challenging if at all possible

### Compromise

- give up some flexibility (ask the programmer for help!)
- enable context-free session type inference

## outline

### 1 Context-free session types

- 2 Resumable sessions
- 3 The model and its properties
- 4 OCaml implementation
- **5** Concluding remarks

# resuming finished sub-protocols

### 1. Distinguish finished protocols

- end: finished protocol
- done: finished sub-protocol

.

2. Use sequential composition for

- ordering actions in types
- structuring code

(no more actions afterwards) (must be **resumed** later)

f u

# resuming finished sub-protocols

### 1. Distinguish finished protocols

- end: finished protocol
- done: finished sub-protocol

(no more actions afterwards) (must be **resumed** later)

- 2. Use sequential composition for
  - ordering actions in types
  - structuring code

$$T \rightarrow$$
**done**  $f \qquad u < T; S$ 

# resuming finished sub-protocols

### 1. Distinguish finished protocols

- end: finished protocol
- done: finished sub-protocol

(no more actions afterwards) (must be **resumed** later)

- 2. Use sequential composition for
  - ordering actions in types
  - structuring code

$$T \rightarrow$$
**done**  $f @> u < T; S$   
 $(T \rightarrow$ **done** $) \rightarrow T; S \rightarrow S$ 

# $f: T \rightarrow$ **done**

- f takes an endpoint u of type T
- ► *f* returns an endpoint *v* of type **done**
- v is not necessarily the same as u
- @> could be used for casting v to an arbitrary S

 $u : [T]_{\varrho}$ 

 $u : [T]_{\varrho}$ 

 $f : [T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}$ 

 $u : [T]_{\varrho}$ 

 $f : [T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}$ 

# send : $t \to [!t;T]_{\varrho} \to [T]_{\varrho}$

$$u : [T]_{\varrho}$$
  
 $f : [T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}$ 

send : 
$$t \to [!t;T]_{\varrho} \to [T]_{\varrho}$$

 $@> : ([T]_{\varrho} \to [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}) \to [T;S]_{\varrho} \to [S]_{\varrho}$ 

$$u : [T]_{\varrho}$$

$$f : [T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}$$

$$\mathsf{send} : t \rightarrow [!t;T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [T]_{\varrho}$$

$$@> : ([T]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\mathsf{done}]_{\varrho}) \rightarrow [T;S]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [S]_{\varrho}$$

$$\mathsf{create} : \mathsf{unit} \rightarrow \exists \varrho.([T]_{\varrho} \times [\overline{T}]_{\overline{\varrho}})$$

- 1 Context-free session types
- 2 Resumable sessions
- 3 The model and its properties
- 4 OCaml implementation
- **5** Concluding remarks

# GV with resumable sessions

### GV

#### [Gay & Vasconcelos '10]

- CBV  $\lambda$ -calculus
- threads
- session primitives create, send, receive, ...

### Existentials

- pack, unpack
- A difficulty with subject reduction
  - ▶ @> is operationally irrelevant
  - ▶ @> affects the type of *u* for an unknown number of reductions

$$f @> u \rightarrow ?$$

# $\{f u\}_u$

# $\{f u\}_u$

# $u : [T;S]_{\iota} \vdash \{e\}_{u} :$

 $\{f u\}_u$ 

$$\frac{u:[T]_{\iota}\vdash e:}{u:[T;S]_{\iota}\vdash \{e\}_{u}:}$$

 $\{f u\}_{u}$ 

 $u : [T]_{\iota} \vdash e : [done]_{\iota}$  $u : [T;S]_{\iota} \vdash \{e\}_{u} :$ 

 $\{f u\}_{u}$ 

 $\frac{u:[T]_{\iota} \vdash e: [\mathsf{done}]_{\iota}}{u:[T;S]_{\iota} \vdash \{e\}_{u}:[S]_{\iota}}$ 

## subject reduction with resumptions

 $u: [T_1; S]_{\iota}$  $\{e_1\}_u$  $u: [T_2; S]_{\iota}$  $\{e_2\}_u$  $u: [T_3; S]_{\iota}$  $\{e_3\}_u$ ÷  $\downarrow_*$  $\{u\}_u$  $u: [\mathbf{done}; S]_{\iota}$  $u: [S]_{\iota}$ и

# properties of the type system

#### Well-typed programs are well behaved

- communication safety
- protocol fidelity
   (@> guarantees sequentiality)

### Identity **uniqueness** is key requirement

$$egin{array}{rcl} {
m ouch} & (x,y) & o^* & (x,y) \ {
m ouch} & : & [{
m done}\,;T]_\iota imes [{
m done}\,;S]_\iota o [S]_\iota imes [T]_\iota \end{array}$$

if two endpoints have the same identity safety is compromised

if two peers have the same identity fidelity is compromised

## outline

- 1 Context-free session types
- 2 Resumable sessions
- 3 The model and its properties
- 4 OCaml implementation
- 5 Concluding remarks

# endpoint type encoding

 $[T]_{\iota} \rightsquigarrow (t_1, t_2, \iota, \overline{\iota}) \mathsf{t}$ 

### Property (duality as equality)

▶ If  $[T]_{\iota} \rightsquigarrow (t, s, \iota, \overline{\iota}) \ t$  then  $[\overline{T}]_{\overline{\iota}} \rightsquigarrow (s, t, \overline{\iota}, \iota) \ t$ 

## session creation with first-class modules

**val** create : **unit**  $\rightarrow \exists \varrho.([T]_{\varrho} \times [\overline{T}]_{\overline{\varrho}})$ 

**val** create : **unit**  $\rightarrow$  (**module** Package)

module type Package = sig type i and j (\* abstract identities \*) val unpack : unit  $\rightarrow (\alpha, \beta, i, j)$  t × ( $\beta, \alpha, j, i$ ) t end

let module S = (val create ()) in
let u, v = S.unpack () in (\* only once! \*)
fork server u; client v

val (@>) :  $([\alpha]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\operatorname{done}]_{\varrho}) \rightarrow [\alpha;\beta]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\beta]_{\varrho}$ let (@>) = Obj.magic

## the stack, resumed

```
let stack c =
  let rec none u =
    match branch u with
     | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  none (some x u)
     | Stop u \rightarrow u
  and some y u =
    match branch u with
     | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  some y (some x u)
     | Pop u \rightarrow send y u
  in none c
```

## the stack, resumed

```
let stack c =
  let rec none u =
    match branch u with
     | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  none (some x (a) u) (* resume *)
     | Stop u \rightarrow u
  and some y u =
    match branch u with
     | Push u \rightarrow let x, u = receive u in
                  some y (some x @> u) (* resume *)
     | Pop u \rightarrow send y u
  in none c
```

## the stack protocol **inferred**

val stack : ([< 'Stop of  $\beta$  | 'Push of ((( $\gamma$  msg,  $0, \delta, \varepsilon$ ) t, (((([< 'Pop of (((0,  $\gamma \text{ msg}, \delta, \varepsilon)$  t, (1, 1,  $\delta, \varepsilon$ ) t) seq,  $((\gamma \text{ msg}, \mathbf{0}, \varepsilon, \delta) \text{ t}, (\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}, \varepsilon, \delta) \text{ t}) \text{ seq}, \delta, \varepsilon) \text{ t} |$ 'Push of ((( $\gamma$  msg, 0,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t, ((( $\varphi$ , 0,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t, ( $\varphi$ , 0,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t) seq, ((0,  $\varphi$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t, (0,  $\varphi$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t) seq,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t) seq, ((0,  $\gamma$  msg,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t, (((0,  $\varphi$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t, (0,  $\varphi, \varepsilon, \delta$ ) t) seq, (( $\varphi, 0, \delta, \varepsilon$ ) t, ( $\varphi, 0, \delta, \varepsilon$ ) t) seq,  $\varepsilon, \delta$ ) t) seq,  $\delta, \varepsilon$ ) t ] as  $\psi$ ) tag as  $\varphi$ , 0,  $\delta, \varepsilon$ ) t,  $(\alpha, \delta, \varepsilon)$ **0**,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t) seq, ((**0**,  $\varphi$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t, (**0**,  $\alpha$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t) seq,  $\delta, \varepsilon$ ) t) seq, ((0,  $\gamma$  msg,  $\varepsilon, \delta$ ) t, (((0,  $\varphi, \varepsilon, \delta$ ) t, (0,  $\alpha$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t) seq, (( $\varphi$ , 0,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t, ( $\alpha$ , 0,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t) seq,  $\varepsilon$ ,  $\delta$ ) t) seq,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t ] tag as  $\alpha$ ,  $\theta$ ,  $\delta$ ,  $\varepsilon$ ) t  $\rightarrow \beta$ 

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \mathsf{stack} & : & [X]_{\varrho} \to [\beta]_{\varrho} \\ X & = & \&[\mathsf{Push}:?\gamma;Y;X, \, \mathsf{Stop}:\beta] \\ Y & = & \&[\mathsf{Push}:?\gamma;Y;Y, \, \mathsf{Pop}:!\gamma] \end{array}$$

**type**  $\alpha$  tree = Leaf | Node of  $\alpha \times \alpha$  tree  $\times \alpha$  tree

send\_tree : 
$$\alpha$$
 tree  $\rightarrow [X]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [X]_{\varrho}$   
 $X = \oplus [\text{Leaf}: X, \text{Node}: !\alpha; X]$ 

### tree serialization with resumption

```
type \alpha tree = Leaf | Node of \alpha \times \alpha tree \times \alpha tree
```

send\_tree : 
$$\alpha$$
 tree  $\rightarrow [X]_{\varrho} \rightarrow [\text{done}]_{\varrho}$   
 $X = \oplus [\text{Leaf}: \text{done}, \text{Node}: !\alpha; X; X]$ 

## outline

- 1 Context-free session types
- 2 Resumable sessions
- 3 The model and its properties
- **4** OCaml implementation
- **5** Concluding remarks

© explicit resumptions in code

resumptions are sparse and their locations easy to spot
 recursive calls not in tail position

© off-the-shelf type checking and inference

# on portability

### Required ingredients

- parametric polymorphism
- ► inference engine

### Safety of resumptions

- statically guaranteed  $\Rightarrow$  existential types
- dynamically guaranteed  $\Rightarrow$  lightweight runtime check

```
let (@>) f u =
    let v = Obj.magic f u in
    if same_endpoint u v then v else raise Error
```

## related work on type-level identities

Launchbury & Peyton Jones, State in Haskell, 1995

- Walker & Watkins, On regions and linear types, 2001
- Ahmed, Fluet, Morrisett, L<sup>3</sup>: A linear language with locations, 2007
- Charguéraud & Pottier, Functional translation of a calculus of capabilities, 2008

### Tov & Pucella, Practical affine types, 2011

# happy hacking with FuSe

http://di.unito.it/luca